Individual Transition Planning (ITP) Guide

The ITP guide was written so that people with developmental disabilities and their parents can become more involved in writing their own transition plan. Find out about the transition plan process in the local school district and get involved.

This ITP guide will be useful even if there is no formal process. Information developed in this workbook can be written into the IEP if there is no Individual Transition Plan.

An audiotape of the individual or parent ideas for the ITP could be made for those who are nervous about speaking to a group. Include time to review the guide during the ITP meeting.

The ITP Planning Guide

The ITP planning guide is designed to help students and their families in planning for the future. It should be used to help you get ready for your transition plan meeting.

The language of this guide is meant to encourage:

People with disabilities to fill it out on their own;

	Families and advocates to explain it to people with disabilities who cannot fill it out on their own.
Ea	ch activity is an important step in preparing for the ITP meeting. Families, advocates and students should work together when filling it out. It will
he	lp:
	Identify personal strengths and interests

Identify goals for the future

Ideas on how to use your ITP

ASK, OBSERVE, ASK OTHERS

First, try asking people who can read or understand words or sign to complete the transition activities on their own or with help.

Second, observe people who do not read or understand words or sign very well and act as their advocate (or choose someone else) in completing the transition activities.

Third, ask others who know the person well (like a friend or relative or service coordinator) to help complete the transition activities.

What is an Individual Transition Plan?

The Individual Transition Plan is a written plan which outlines what a student will need to live, work and play as an adult. It should be written at least four years before someone is leaving school. The ITP is written with the help of the student, parent, teacher, social worker or service coordinator and adult service provider. It spells out what everyone needs to do in order to provide the training and services needed for a smooth 'transition' from school. It is a bridge between the Individual Education Program and other plans – like the Individual Program Plan.

Some words and terms you should know

Goal: This tells the general direction a person is going in, like "living in an apartment or working in the community or attending classes at the community college."

Individual Education Program: The IEP is written for students who

receive special education services. This is a written plan which tells a student's present strengths as well as educational goals and objectives for the school year. It contains specific plans for teaching skills that will help people be more independent.

Individual Program Plan: The IPP is a written plan which provides general goals in areas other than education like work and recreation/leisure.

Special Education: Services for students who are not succeeding in general education and need additional educational experiences in order to become independent and productive adults.

Transition: A carefully planned process which help students move from school to adult life in the community.

If there are other words or terms that you want to ask someone about, just write them down:

Word or term	What it means

Name:	Date:	
Your interests, likes and dislate a few moments to think about the things that someone to help you with this, if you need it.	ikes you like to do best (like swimming or listening to music) and things	you don't like to do. Get
What do you like to do best?		
At home:		_
At school:		_
At work:		-
In the community:		
For fun on your own:		
For fun with others:		
Are there things you don't like to do?		
At home:		_
At school:		_
At work:		-
In the community:		
For fun on your own:		
For fun with others:		

Thinking about the future

Now it's time to start thinking about what things should be written into your transition plan. The best way to do this is to think about what will help you most to live and work where you want to and to enjoy your free time.

W	hen do you plan to graduate or receive a certificate of completion?
Cu	rrent employment and education:
W	nere do you work or go to school now?
Fu	ture employment and education: (A place to work and train after high school)
1.	Would you like to work on your own or with others?
2.	Are there training services that would help you after high school, such as the community college or adult education?
3.	How will you get to and from work or school?
4.	Thing you might want more information about (please check as many as you want):
	□ Supported work
	□ Competitive employment
	□ Community colleges
	☐ Community based education and training
5.	What kinds of help do you need from others?
Cu	rrent living arrangements:
W	nere do you live now?
	□ At home
	□ On my own
	□ With a roommate

□ Other:
Future living arrangements: (A place to live)
1. How do you want to live after you leave school?
☐ At home
☐ On my own
☐ With a roommate
□ Other:
2. Where do you want to live?
☐ In the city
☐ In the country
☐ Other: At home
☐ On my own
☐ With a roommate
□ Other:
3. Things you might want more information about (please check as many as you want):
☐ Home of your own
☐ Adult foster care
☐ Supported Living
4. What kinds of help do you need from others?

Cu	rrent community recreation and leisure activities:
W	hat kinds of things do you do for fun at home, in the neighborhood, community?
Fu	ture community recreation and leisure activities: (Things for fun)
1.	What kinds of things will you do for fun at home, in the neighborhood, community?
2.	Things you might want more information about (please check as many as you want)
	□ Parks and recreation
	□ Community center
	☐ Hobby clubs
	☐ Sport or social clubs
	□ Other:
3.	What kinds of help do you need from others?
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Pe	ersonal management: (Other things to learn)		
	☐ Taking the bus		
	☐ Doing the laundry		
	☐ Money management		
	☐ Social skills		
	☐ Personal care		
Wl	hat kinds of help do you need from others?		
He	alth and medical: (Staying healthy)		
1.	Do you need special medicines?		
2.	How will you get to the doctor?		
3.	Things you might want more information about (please check as many as you want):		
	Dental careHealth insurance		
1	What kinds of help do you need from others?		
т.	what kinds of help do you need from others:		
Fin	nancial and income: (Money matters)		
1.	How much money will you need to live on (for rent, food, fun)?		
2.	What about insurance, benefits, taxes, SSI/SSDI?		
3.	Things you might want more information about (please check as many as you want): \Box Other benefits		

	□ Social security benefits
4.	What kinds of help do you need from others?
	mily life and social relationships: (Doing things with other people)
	Where do your friends live?
	Will there be chances for you to have fun with people at work, home, with family and
fr	iends?
3.	Do you need information or training about family life or dating?
4.	How will you get to see your friends?
5.	Things you might want more information about (please check as many as you want):
	☐ Personal attendant/assistant
	□ Respite service
	□ Churches
6.	What kinds of help do you need from others?
Αc	vocacy, legal, and long-term support: (Someone who can be there when you need it)
1.	Do you need an advocate, counselor, or support group?
	Things you might want more information about (please check as many as you want):
	☐ Trusts and wills
	□ Conservatorships
	☐ Legal assistance

Your transition planning meeting

Here are some things to do before the meeting:

- Review what you have written in this workbook.
- Review your plans from last year.
- Talk to your transition plan coordinator (that's probably your teacher) to make sure that you know what will happen at the meeting.
- Write down any questions you want to ask.
- Ask who else will attend the meeting and make sure that no one is left out. Please invite everyone who will be helping you work on this plan families, brothers and sisters, future service providers, service coordinator and so on.
- If you need special help at the meeting (like an interpreter), then ask for someone to be there.
- If you want help from someone else during the meeting, then ask for it.

Here are some things to do at the meeting:

- Show people this workbook and talk about the things you want to do after you leave high school.
- Be positive, this is your meeting and everyone there wants to help.
- Ask questions.
- Take notes, bring a tape recorder or bring someone to take notes for you.
- Remind people that you're here to write a plan that will help you be more independent at home, at work and in the community.
- Ask for help if you do not agree with the things that are written into your Individual Transition Plan.

How to tell if the planning meeting went well

When your transition plan

1.	Were all of the people you wanted at the meeting?		
	□ Yes		
	□ No		
2.	Did everyone look at the things that you wrote in this workbook?		
	□ Yes		
	□ No		
3	Did you and your family advocates friends help decide what was written on the ITP?		

	□ Yes
	□ No
4.	Did you get information about the kids of services you might need after graduation?
	□ Yes
	□ No
5.	Did you talk about all the things on – Your Interests, Likes and Dislikes, Thinking About the Future?
	□ Yes
	□ No
6.	Did you get to ask questions?
	□ Yes
	□ No
7.	Did all of your questions get answered?
	□ Yes
	□ No
8.	Are there dates for completing your transition goals?
	□ Yes
	□ No
9.	What were the best things about the meeting?
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10. What could have been better?	
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If there are a lot of "no" answers to these questions,	then you should ask to have another transition planning meeting.
How to tell if the transition	plan is working
	our Individual Transition Plan to see if things are going the way they were
You should ask, if you have not graduated:	
1. Am I learning to be more independent?	
□ Yes	
□ No	
2. Am I learning to work and live with people	without disabilities?
□ Yes	
□ No	
3. Does some of my training take place in the	community?
□ Yes	
□ No	

YC	u snould ask, if you have graduated:
1.	Am I working where I want to?
	□ Yes
	□ No
2.	Am I living where I want to?
	□ Yes
	□ No
3.	Do I get to see my friends?
	□ Yes
	□ No
4.	Do I need any special help?
	□ Yes
	□ No
5.	What could be going better?
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If there are a lot of "no" answers to these questions or if things could be going better, then you should ask to have another transition planning meeting.

Tips on how people learn best

People learn things best in the places where they happen (e.g. buying things at a store or shaving in the bathroom)
People learn things best when they use real items (e.g. using real money when learning how to count)
People learn things best when they do them at the time they are usually done (e.g. brushing your teeth after a meal
People learn best from other people (e.g. learning how to work in places where other people work)
People learn best when the things that they learn are useful (e.g. using a phone, taking a bus)
It is important to think about things to learn that will help you become more independent where you live and work
right now and where you will live and work in the future

The law

For students who receive special education, the law says that everyone has the right to get the kind of education that they need. If students need training in different types of community work before they graduate, this is something to ask for in the ITP and the IEP meeting. The law also says that all students must have an ITP by the age of 16 but is best practice to have these discussions earlier.